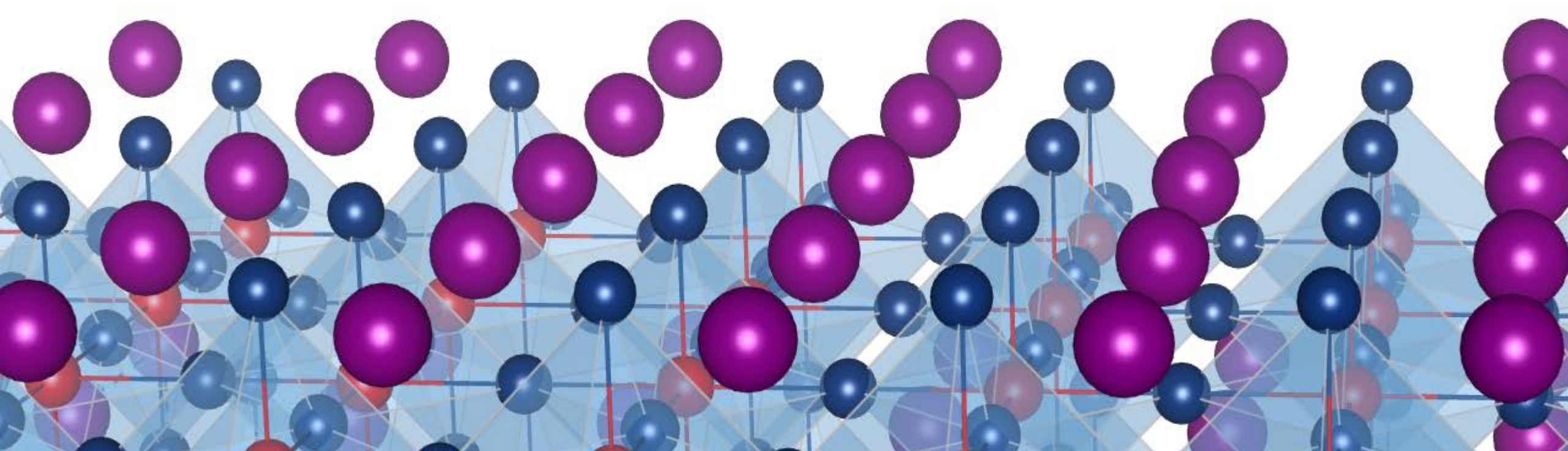




INSIGHTS INTO PHOTOVOLTAICS

Sandheep Ravishankar

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Emmy
Noether-
Programm

DFG Deutsche
Forschungsgemeinschaft



Germany

installed PV capacity: ~100 GWp

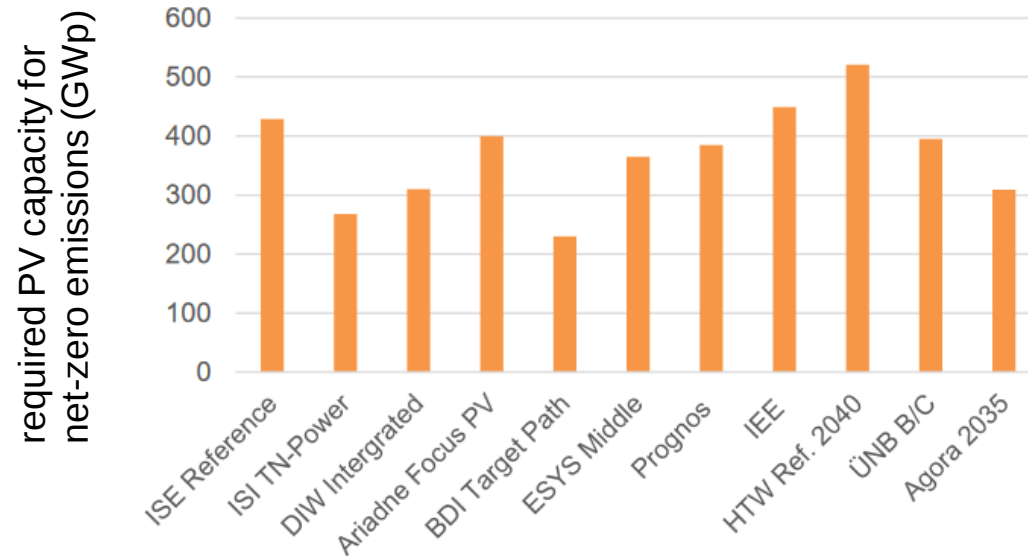
PV capacity factor: ~10%

Photovoltaics for the clean energy transition

Germany

installed PV capacity: ~100 GWp

PV capacity factor: ~10%



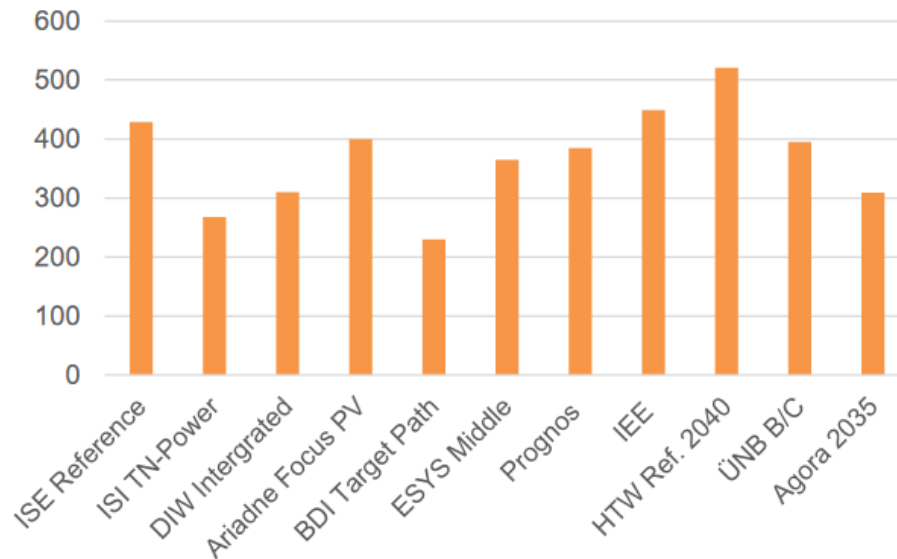
Photovoltaics for the clean energy transition

Germany

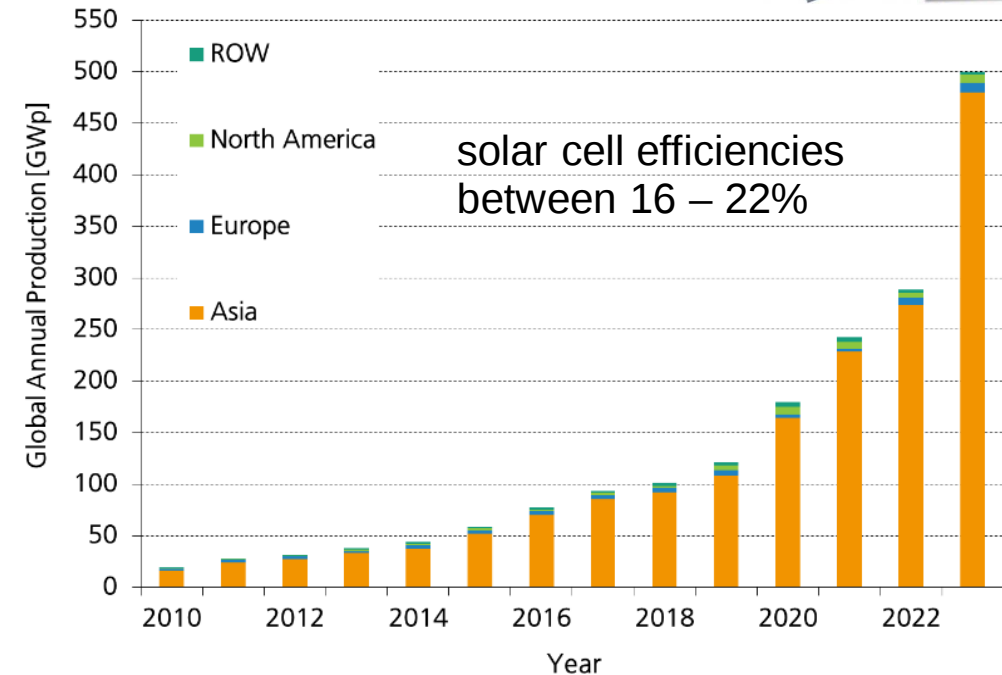
installed PV capacity: ~100 GWp

PV capacity factor: ~10%

required PV capacity for
net-zero emissions (GWp)



97% of commercial market is
silicon wafer-based technology



solar cell efficiencies
between 16 – 22%

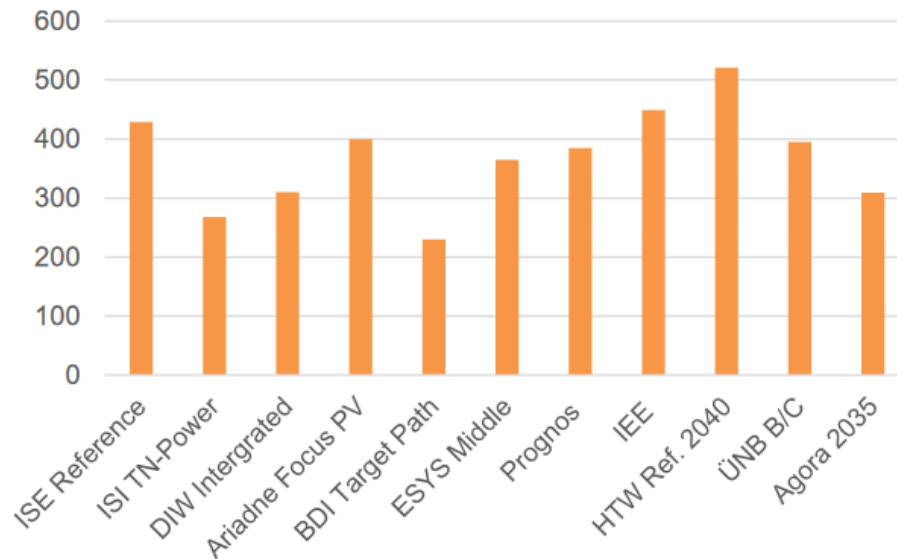
Photovoltaics for the clean energy transition

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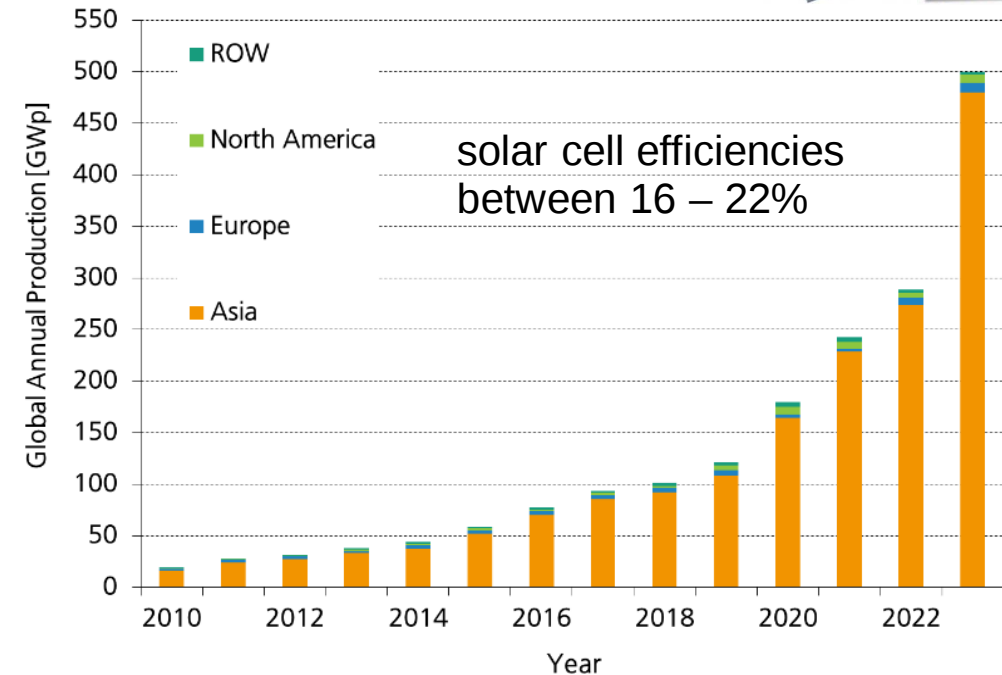
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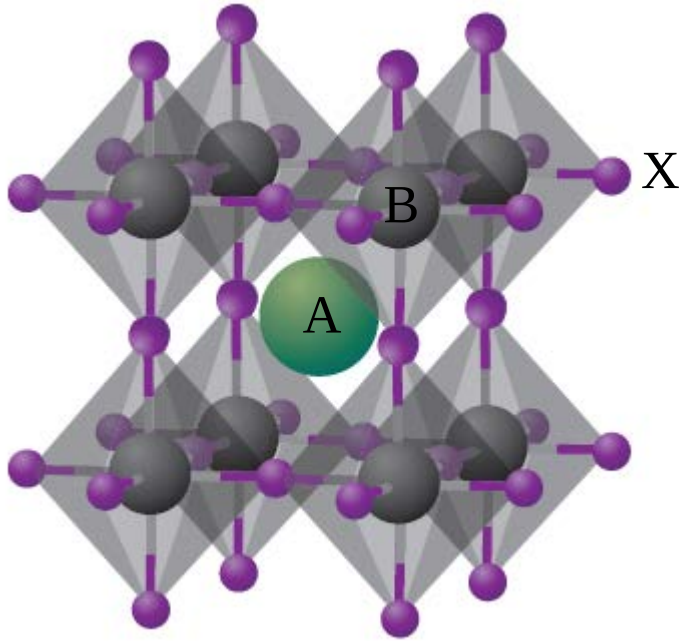
97% of commercial market is
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solar cell efficiencies
between 16 – 22%

A more efficient PV technology is required for minimising the cost of the over-build

Metal halide perovskite solar cells

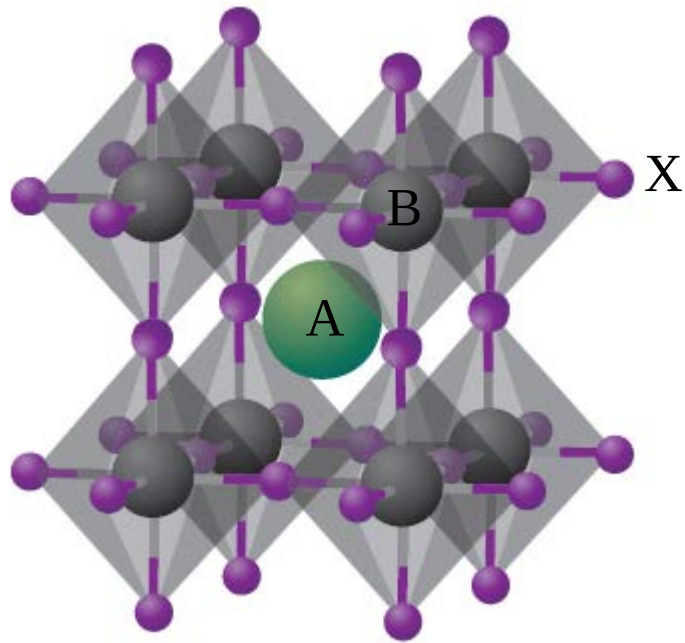


A – Organic or inorganic cation (MA^+ , FA^+ , Cs^+)

B – Metal cation (Pb^{2+} or Sn^{2+})

X – Halogen anion (I^- , Br^- , Cl^-)

Metal halide perovskite solar cells



A – Organic or inorganic cation (MA⁺, FA⁺, Cs⁺)

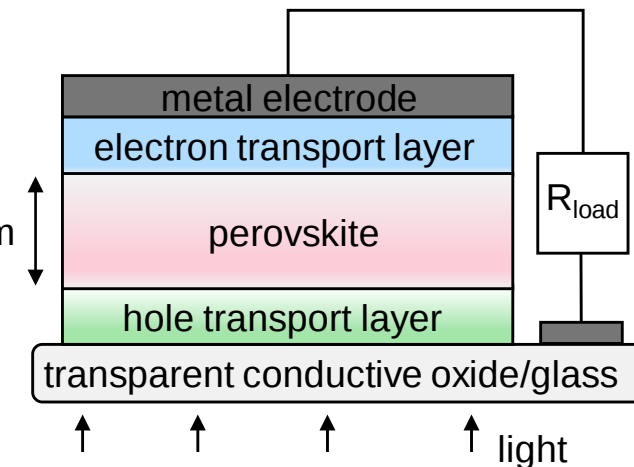
B – Metal cation (Pb²⁺ or Sn²⁺)

X – Halogen anion (I⁻, Br⁻, Cl⁻)

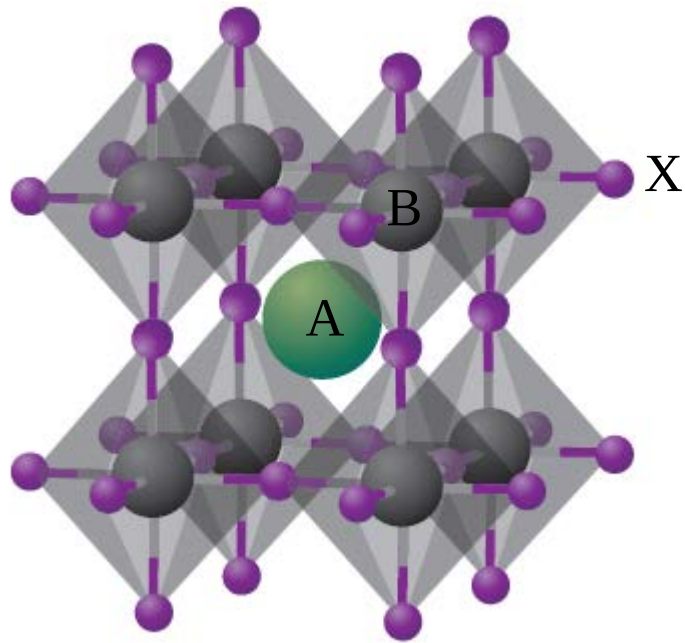
efficient light absorption



500-1000 nm



Metal halide perovskite solar cells

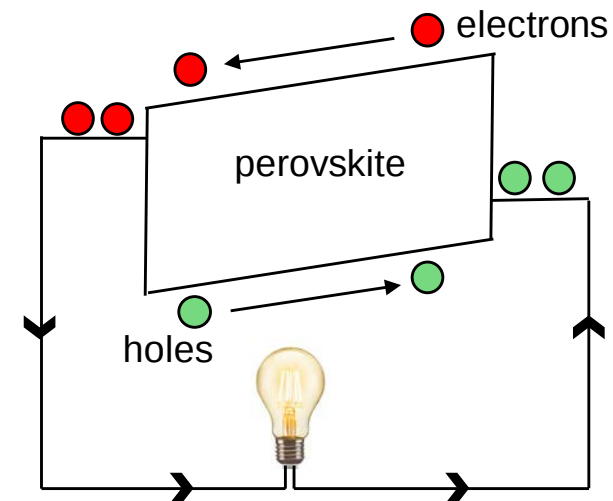


A – Organic or inorganic cation (MA⁺, FA⁺, Cs⁺)

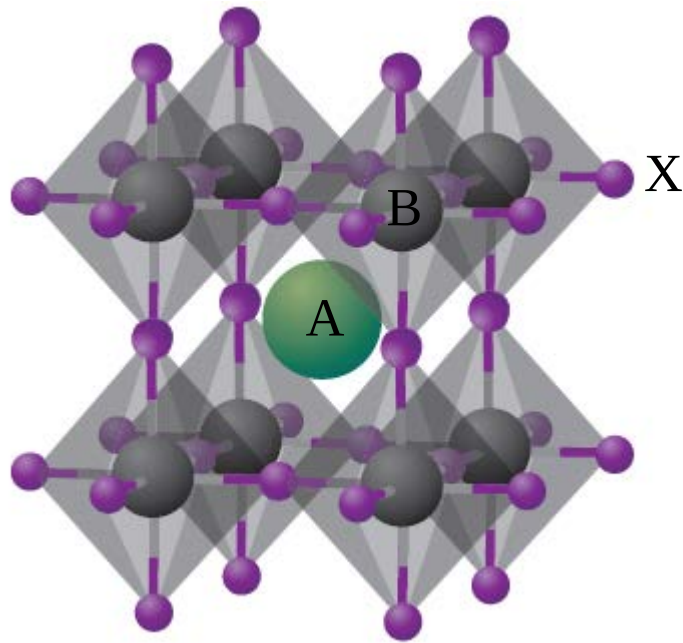
B – Metal cation (Pb²⁺ or Sn²⁺)

X – Halogen anion (I⁻, Br⁻, Cl⁻)

good electronic properties



Metal halide perovskite solar cells

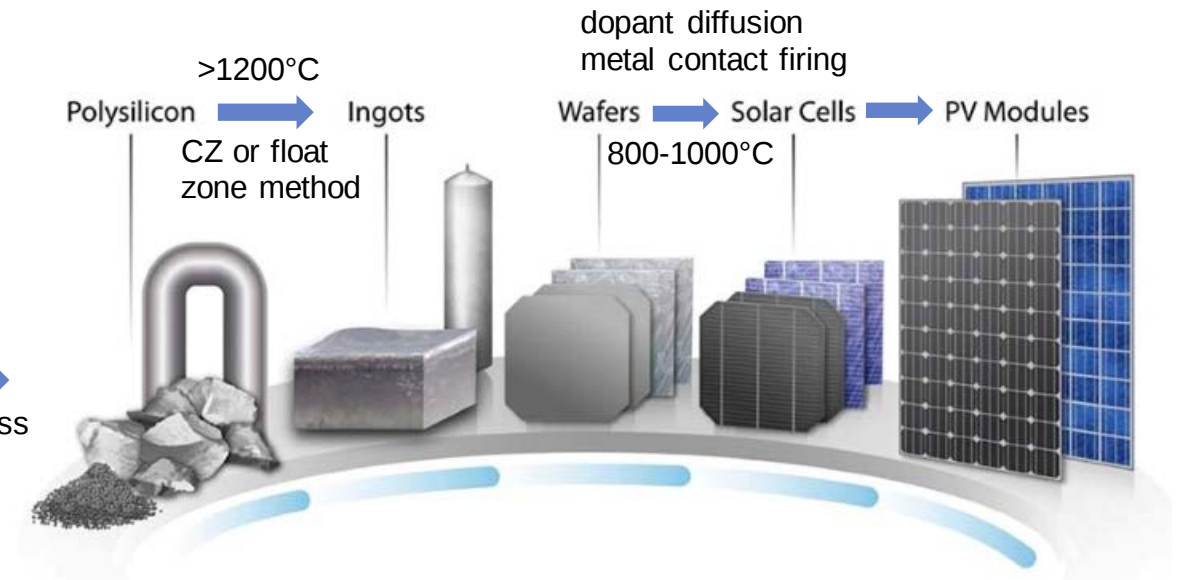
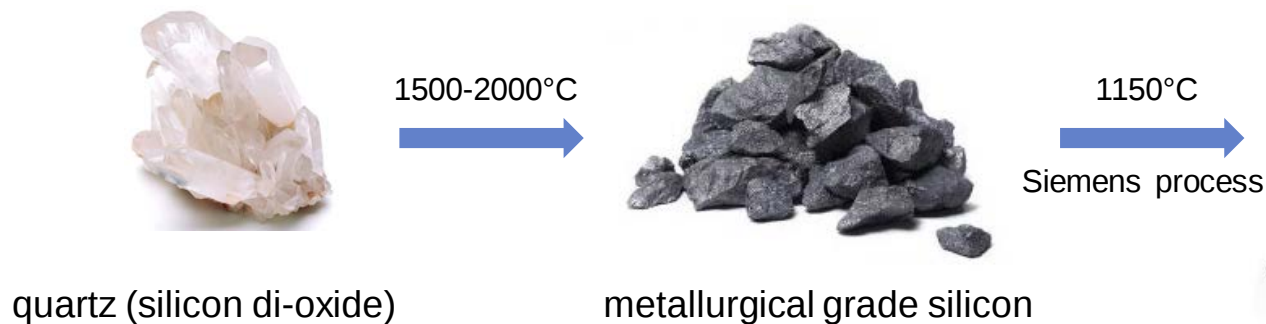


A – Organic or inorganic cation (MA⁺, FA⁺, Cs⁺)

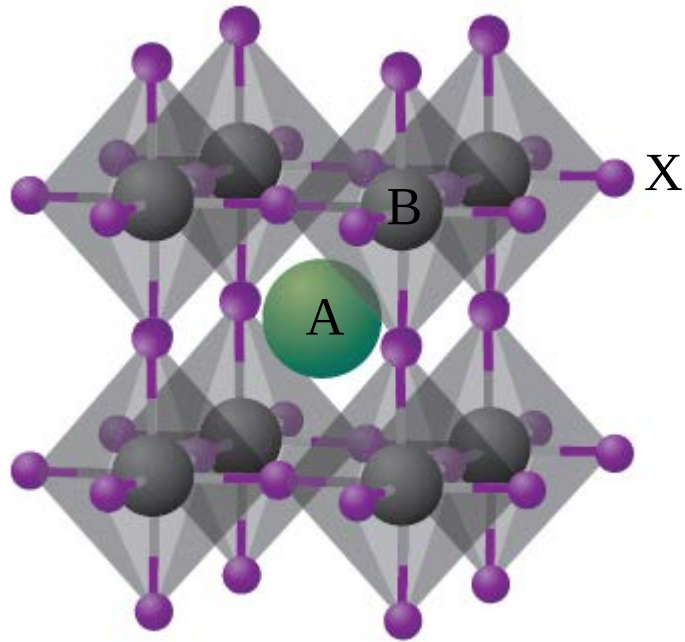
B – Metal cation (Pb²⁺ or Sn²⁺)

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silicon solar cell fabrication



Metal halide perovskite solar cells

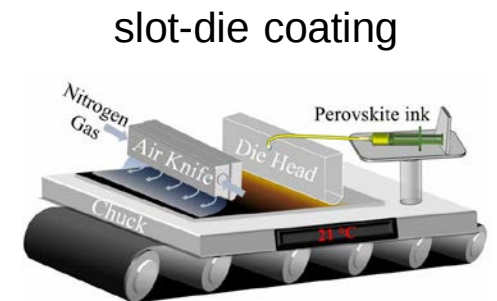
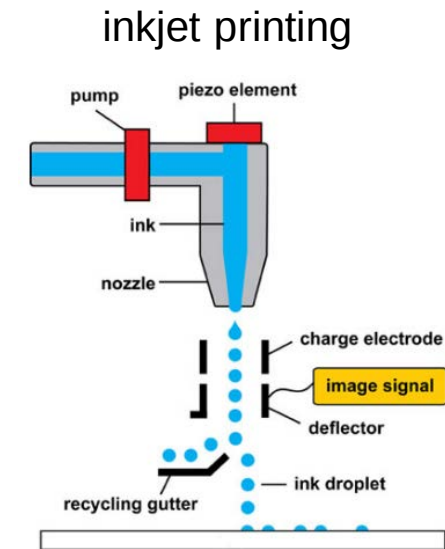
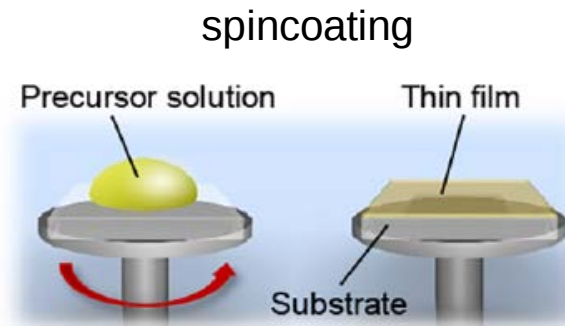


A – Organic or inorganic cation (MA⁺, FA⁺, Cs⁺)

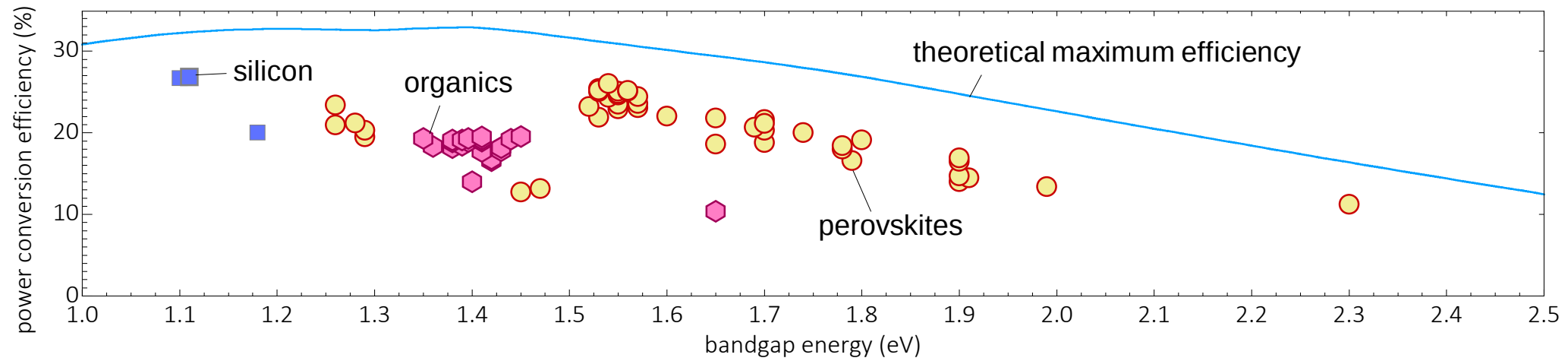
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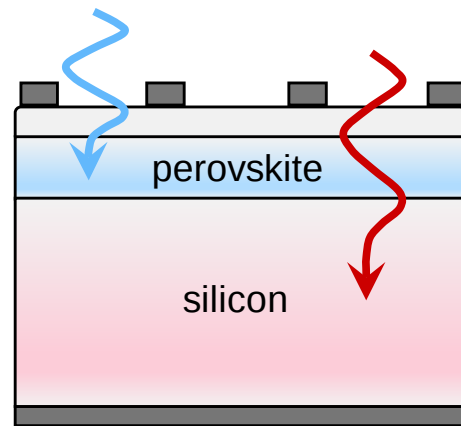
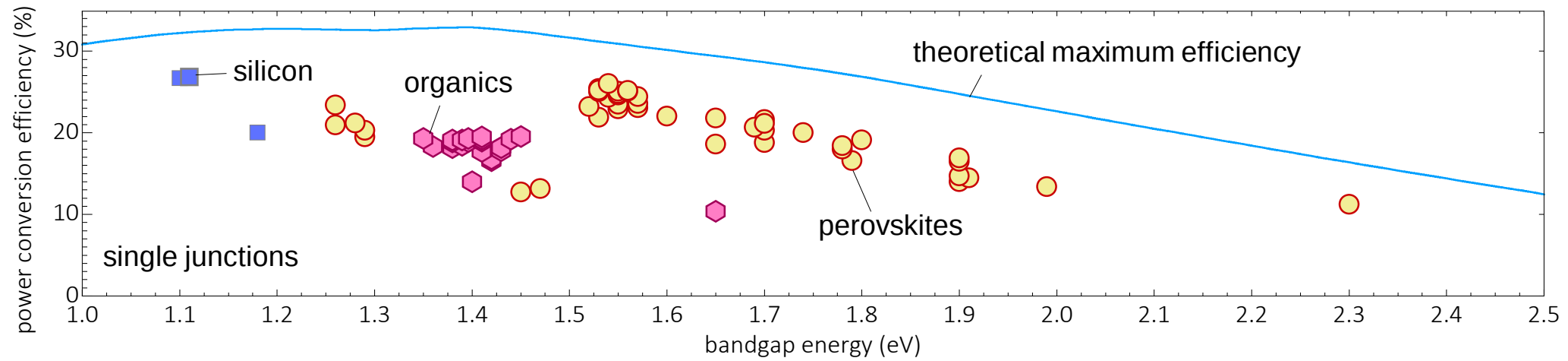
relative ease of fabrication



Power conversion efficiency

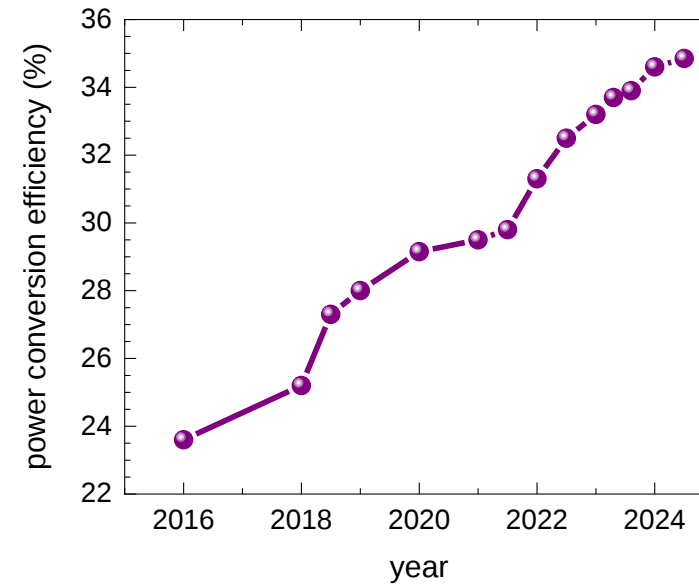
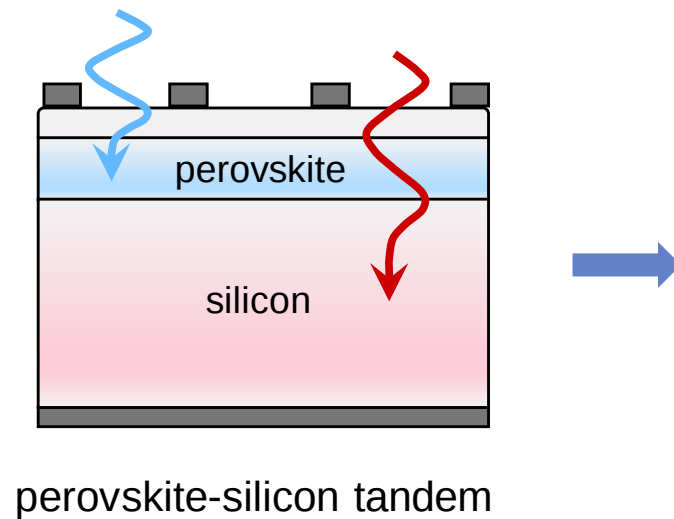
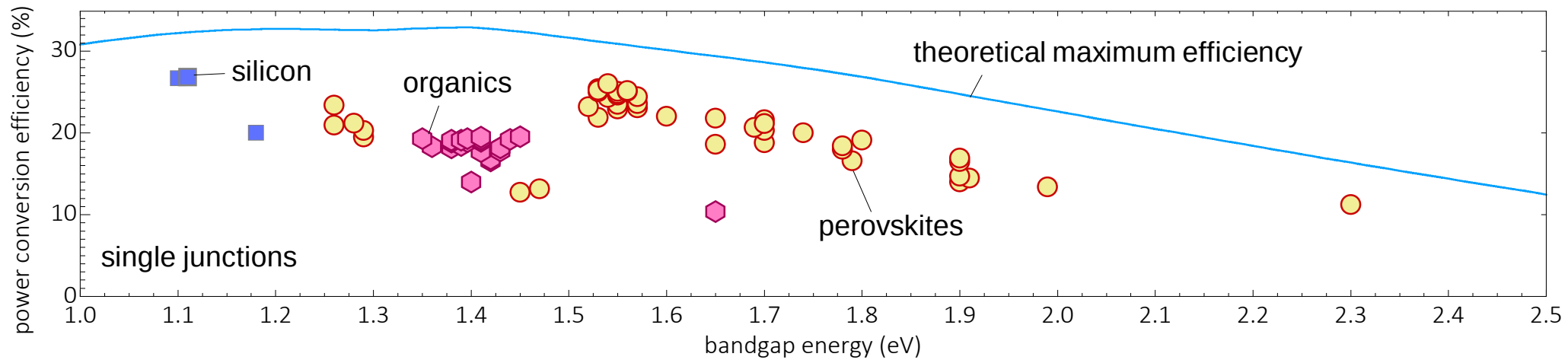


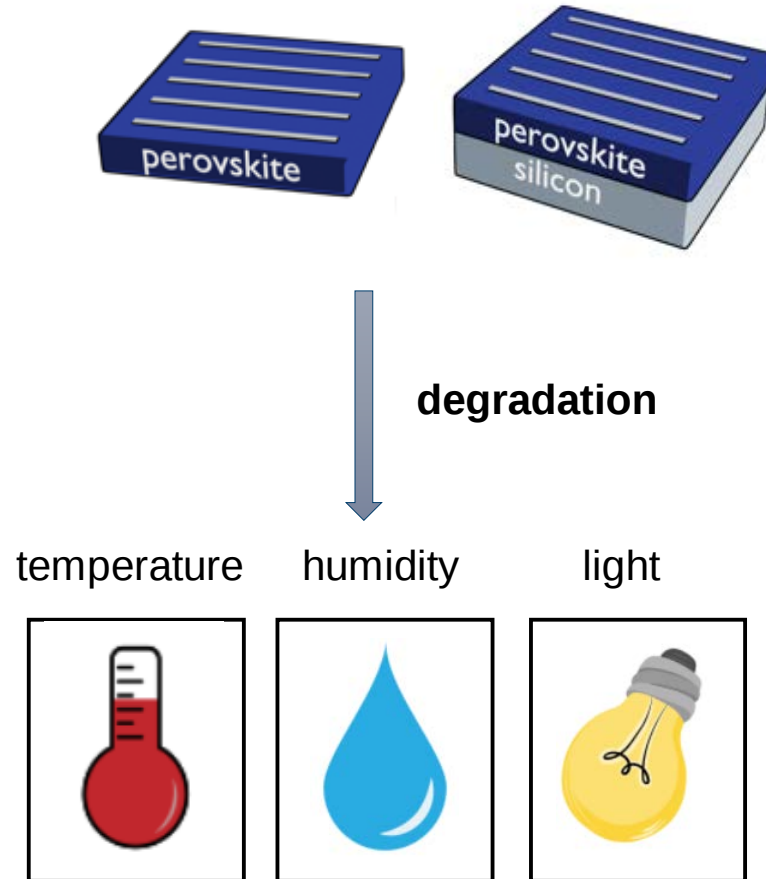
Power conversion efficiency



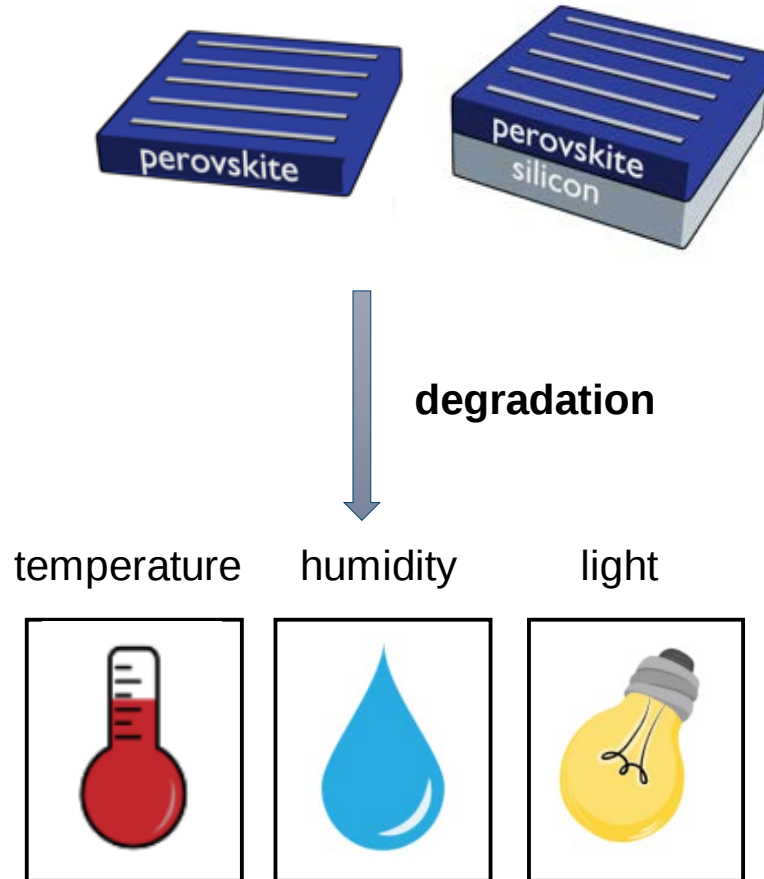
perovskite-silicon tandem

Power conversion efficiency



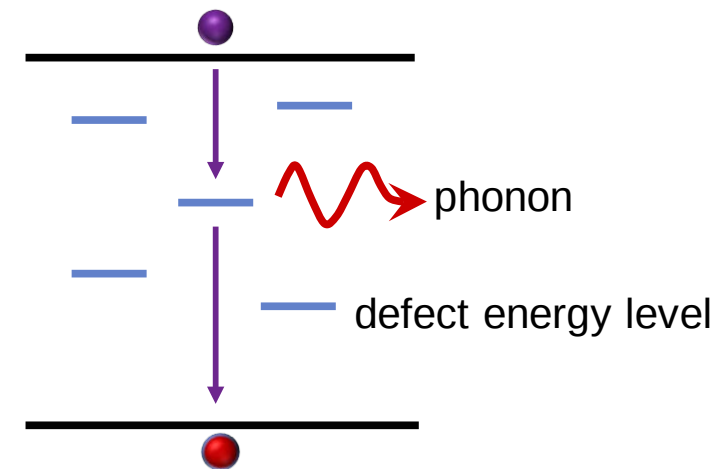
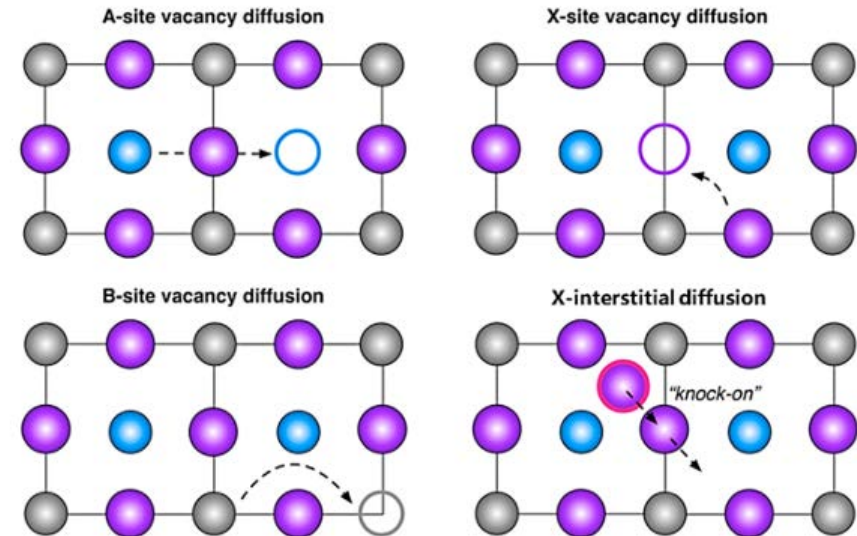


Perovskite solar cell lifetime less than 1000 hours,
compared to 20 years for silicon solar cells



Perovskite solar cell lifetime less than 1000 hours, compared to 20 years for silicon solar cells

Impact of defects



Why are the high efficiencies not clearly correlated with the electronic quality of the perovskite crystal?

How to minimise the impact of defects on the stability?

Why are the high efficiencies not clearly correlated with the electronic quality of the perovskite crystal?

How to minimise the impact of defects on the stability?



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