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Guidelines

Research Training Groups and International Research Training Groups

Disclaimer: The English translation of this document is provided for informational purposes. In the event of a discrepancy between the English and the German versions, the German text takes precedence.



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I Programme Information

Research Training Groups (RTG) combine innovative top-level research and the structured

promotion of excellent researchers in early career phases. They centre on the qualification of

doctoral researchers within the framework of a focused research programme and a structured

qualification programme that prepares doctoral researchers for the complexities of the job mar-

ket for scientists and academics. The programme is open to all subject areas and encourages

interdisciplinarity. Research Training Groups are instituted by a university or an equivalent

higher education institution with the right to confer doctoral degrees or a university of applied

sciences (Hochschule für angewandte Wissenschaften (HAW) or Fachhochschule (FH)) that

is able to guide doctoral researchers independently or in cooperation with a graduate institution

towards obtaining a doctorate in the subject areas relevant for the Research Training Group

(hereafter referred to as "university").

International Research Training Groups (IRTG), in which German universities cooperate with

research institutions in other countries to offer structured doctoral programmes, are a special

component of the Research Training Groups Programme (cf. III. Programme Variation Inter-

national Research Training Groups).

1 Objective

Excellence, innovation and internationality in research and promoting researchers in

early career phases constitute the main goals of Research Training Groups and are re-

flected in their various components.

By funding Research Training Groups, the DFG supports outstanding and particularly

innovative research projects. In terms of their topics or methodologies, these projects

look beyond the status quo in their respective fields, or hold the promise of scientific

reorientation through an interdisciplinary approach that combines subjects or institutions

in a novel way. The researchers who run the RTG must demonstrate a track record that

promises such a standard of excellence. Specially qualified doctoral researchers, who

are recruited internationally, are thus given the opportunity to work on their theses and

produce solid findings in a challenging, collaborative research environment.

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Through their research and qualification programmes, Research Training Groups train

scientists and academics at different stages of their careers. A key objective is to enable

the timely completion of doctoral research training. As they focus on their respective core

research topics, doctoral researchers also gain an overview of their research field that

goes beyond their subject areas by working within the larger context of a Research Train-

ing Group. Doctoral researchers are enabled to conduct independent research early on.

Research Training Groups aim to accelerate the time to degree. In this way, the partici-

pation of researchers in early career phases in RTGs qualifies them to compete in the

international job market.

The programme aims to promote structured doctoral training, thereby making doctorates

more attractive. Research Training Groups are open to new ways of promoting research-

ers in early career phases. They offer an opportunity for universities to experiment with

new cooperative arrangements in this area - e.g. with universities of applied sciences

(Hochschule für angewandte Wissenschaften (HAW)/Fachhochschule (FH)), cultural in-

stitutions, or businesses - that would otherwise not be available. At the same time, the

programme is strongly committed to equity in research.

Furthermore, the programme promotes international cooperation in the area of doctoral

training and aims to enhance the appeal of German universities to doctoral researchers

from other countries. Internationality is indispensable to successful research and to the

future-oriented training of doctoral researchers. Their integration in the international re-

search environment - including universities and, where applicable, non-university insti-

tutions – is therefore a key feature of Research Training Groups.

2 Participating Researchers

A Research Training Group is run by a small team of 5 to 10 professors with proven

expertise in the Research Training Group's main topic and outstanding supervisory ex-

perience.

The DFG strongly recommends including researchers in early career phases and giving

them responsible positions within the RTG. These include advanced postdoctoral re-

searchers, junior research group leaders or junior professors, for example, who may

have gained initial experience in supervision. The applicant university is expected to

grant such researchers the right to supervise and examine doctoral researchers.

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As a rule, participating scientists and academics should be based at a single location. In

convincingly justified cases, a Research Training Group may be proposed jointly by sev-

eral locations.

One member of this group acts as spokesperson and is responsible for the proposal and

the scientific coordination of the Research Training Group. He or she must hold a per-

manent, full-time professorship at the applicant university, appointed in accordance with

the applicable employment law, and represent the concerns of the Research Training

Group within the bodies of the university. He or she is also required to report to the DFG.

The Research Training Group determines the rules for the election of the spokesperson

and the responsibilities of the office.

Researchers from non-university institutions and persons from non-academic organisa-

tions may be integrated into a Research Training Group if it serves the research and

qualification programmes.

3 Research Training Group Members

Within the nine-year period of a Research Training Group, generally 30 to 45 doctoral

researchers can be funded by the RTG. It is also possible to integrate doctoral research-

ers who are funded through other sources, so-called associated doctoral researchers.

To enable postdoctoral researchers to gain scientific qualifications and to support their

professional development within a Research Training Group, up to two postdoctoral re-

searchers can normally be funded simultaneously in a Research Training Group.

Undergraduate students who demonstrate exceptional scientific or academic talent may

be included in a Research Training Group at any stage of their studies to promote an

early introduction to research.

In appropriate cases, secondary school students can also be included in areas of the

research and/or qualification programme in order to allow them early contact with

science.

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4 Programme Profile

4.1 Research programme

The core of a Research Training Group is formed by an innovative research idea that

focuses on one main topic. The topic must demonstrate novelty against the backdrop of

current international research and go beyond existing approaches. Interdisciplinary ap-

proaches are encouraged.

The main topic serves as the foundation of a coherent research programme. It provides

a framework that ensures the inner coherence of the research programme and the qual-

ification programme relating to it. The research programme should link its thematic

and/or methodological focus areas in a manner that yields excellent topics for theses

and encourages communication and collaboration between doctoral researchers.

4.2 Qualification programme

The qualification and supervision strategies described below must create a framework

that enables doctoral researchers to produce independent research findings with inter-

national visibility within an appropriate time period of generally three to a maximum of

four years, and at the same time to qualify for the domestic and international academic

and non-academic job market. The qualification model includes

a qualification programme specific to the Research Training Group,

the integration of visiting researchers, and

any other measures that contribute, directly or indirectly, to the qualification of doc-

toral researchers.

The qualification programme, which is specific to the Research Training Group and

based on the research programme, enhances and expands doctoral researchers' indi-

vidual specialities; it also conveys expertise that goes beyond the researchers' subject

areas and thus provides a broader qualification.

Any additional qualification activities should support the doctoral training process without

lengthening the time to degree completion. The qualification programme also includes

measures aimed at ensuring the national and international visibility of the scientific re-

sults attained and the integration of Research Training Group members into national and

international research.

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4.3 Supervision and career advancement, gender equality, organisation and quality man-

agement

Clearly defined roles and responsibilities for all participants, a structured supervision

strategy, transparent organisational structures and processes, as well as comprehensive

quality management help to guarantee the desired high standard of quality in research

and qualification throughout the duration of the Research Training Group.

Key features of Research Training Groups are the transparent and innovative supervi-

sion structures they offer. Intensive supervision is provided jointly by two professors or

an advisory committee. It should facilitate the timely and successful completion of doc-

toral training and prepare researchers for their future careers. A healthy balance of in-

tensive supervision and the encouragement of independence should be strived for. Doc-

toral researchers should be enabled to conduct independent research early on.

Additional quality management requirements for Research Training Groups include:

objectives and benchmarks for success that are specific to the Research Training

Group to ensure its ongoing quality-oriented management,

a transparent and competitive procedure for selecting domestic and foreign doc-

toral researchers,

an evaluation of the performance, time to degree, and career development of re-

searchers who have completed their doctorates within the Research Training

Group framework, and

the assessment of research success in the international arena.

Equality and diversity in research are important factors in successfully supporting re-

searchers in early career phases and must therefore be actively encouraged and pro-

moted in Research Training Groups.

4.4 Environment

Integration into an active scientific and academic environment is a key prerequisite for

success in Research Training Groups. This includes the research environment, e.g. as-

sociations and collaborations with working groups and research projects at the university

and at non-university institutions, as well as other support opportunities for researchers

in early career phases, e.g. with existing structured doctoral programmes or graduate

schools.

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A Research Training Group is expected to support the medium-term scientific priorities

of the host university. At the same time, the Research Training Group should, by virtue

of its thematic orientation, distinguish itself in a unique way from the rest of the research

conducted at this location. Research Training Groups are expected to offer added value

over any other forms of doctoral training and/or structured doctoral programmes at their

respective locations.

The host institution should enhance the appeal of the Research Training Group as a

centre of research excellence, for example through measures that support the doctoral

training process, by contributing complementary resources, and by providing incentive

mechanisms for participating professors.

Close cooperation with non-university research institutions is expressly encouraged. To

the extent that it serves the research and qualification programmes, persons from non-

academic organisations can be integrated. Research Training Groups should have net-

works with reputable international institutions in order to integrate doctoral researchers

into the scientific community early on.

Under the Collaborative Research Centre programme, a module for structured doctoral

training may be submitted ("Integrated Research Training Group"). Collaborative Re-

search Centres and Research Training Groups that are based at the same location and

have largely overlapping topics should not receive parallel funding. The goal is to in-

crease efficiency by bundling funding for closely related research projects. A thematic

overlap is acceptable if the Research Training Group's topic and/or structure are suffi-

ciently unique. For instance, the establishment of an International Research Training

Group may be considered to deliver added value.

5 Duration

The maximum funding duration is nine years, currently divided into two funding periods

of 4.5 years each. For Research Training Groups approved as of May 2022, the first

funding period will be for five years and the second period for four years. Continued

funding after the first funding period will be decided on the basis of a renewal proposal.

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6 Proposals

6.1 Eligibility

A proposal for a Research Training Group must be submitted by a university or an equiv-

alent higher education institution with the right to confer doctoral degrees or by a univer-

sity of applied sciences (Hochschule für angewandte Wissenschaften (HAW) or Fach-

hochschule (FH)) that has an independent right to award doctoral degrees or is able to

guide doctoral researchers towards obtaining a doctorate in cooperation with an institu-

tion that is awarded the right to confer doctoral degrees in the subject areas relevant for

the Research Training Group. A proposal may also be submitted by more than one such

university.

The proposal is written jointly by the professors in charge of the Research Training

Group. The designated spokesperson is responsible for the proposal.

The spokesperson must be able to represent the Research Training Group directly in all

committees of the department as well as the university at large. He or she must have a

tenured position, possess all the rights and obligations of a full-time professor, and pos-

sess the right to vote and stand for election in the senate of the university.

The DFG strongly recommends involving researchers in early career phases and giving

them responsible positions within the RTG. These include advanced postdoctoral re-

searchers, junior research group leaders or junior professors, for example, who may

have gained initial experience in supervision. The applicant university is expected to

grant such researchers the right to supervise and examine doctoral researchers.

6.2 Format and deadline

The proposal procedure for Research Training Groups consists of two stages. In the first

stage, a draft proposal is submitted and reviewed. Based on the draft proposal, the re-

view, and a recommendation by the relevant review board, the Senate Committee on

Research Training Groups makes a recommendation as to whether an establishment

proposal should be submitted in the second stage. If the recommendation is negative,

the applicant may submit a revised version of the draft proposal once. For details on draft

proposals, please consult the "Draft Proposal Preparation Instructions for Research

Training Groups and International Research Training Groups" (DFG form 1.303).

www.dfg.de/formulare/1_303



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The proposal to establish a Research Training Group must follow the format and contain the information specified in the "Proposal Preparation Instructions for Proposals to Establish Research Training Groups and International Research Training Groups" (DFG form 54.05).

www.dfg.de/formulare/54_05

Draft proposals and proposals to establish a Research Training Group may be submitted at any time.

The renewal proposal must follow the format and contain the information specified in the "Proposal Preparation Instructions for Research Training Groups and International Research Training Groups (Renewal Proposals)", (DFG form 54.07).

www.dfg.de/formulare/54_07

When creating the progress report for the renewal proposal, please follow the "Progress Report Preparation Instructions for Research Training Groups and International Research Training Groups" (DFG form 54.08).

www.dfg.de/formulare/54_08

The submission date for the renewal proposal will be specified in the award letter for the first funding phase.

II Proposal Modules

To apply for funding in the Research Training Groups Programme, the modules listed below may be submitted. For details, please consult the instructions on the respective modules and the programme-specific explanations in the proposal preparation instructions.

• Module Research Training Group (DFG form 52.15)
Staff funding for doctoral and postdoctoral researchers as well as for doctoral researchers in medicine; qualifying fellowships; funding for student assistants; funding for equipment up to €10,000, software and consumables, travel, visiting researchers, experimental animals, and other expenses such as announcements and recruiting, language training, communication training, presentation training, media training, publications.

www.dfg.de/formulare/52_15

Module Replacements (DFG form 52.03)

www.dfg.de/formulare/52_03



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Module Coordination (DFG form 52.12)

www.dfg.de/formulare/52_12

Module Temporary Substitutes for Clinicians (DFG form 52.04)

www.dfg.de/formulare/52_04

Module Mercator Fellows (DFG form 52.05)

www.dfg.de/formulare/52_05

Module Project-Specific Workshops (DFG form 52.06)

www.dfg.de/formulare/52_06

Module Public Relations (DFG form 52.07)

www.dfg.de/formulare/52_07

Module Start-Up Funding (DFG form 52.11)

www.dfg.de/formulare/52_11

Module Standard Allowance for Equity and Diversity (DFG form 52.14)

www.dfg.de/formulare/52_14

Funding is provided for the entire funding period. Initially, funding is awarded for the first fiscal year and announced for subsequent years. Funding is tied to the fiscal year (which corresponds to a calendar year), i.e. it is not possible to carry over funds to the next fiscal year. Funds that are not used by the end of a given fiscal year are forfeited. For rules on accounting and the use of the funds, please refer to the usage guidelines (DFG form 2.22, available in German only).

www.dfg.de/formulare/2_22



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III Programme Variation International Research Training Groups

International Research Training Groups are a programme variation of Research Training

Groups. As structured doctoral programmes run by German universities in conjunction with

universities or research institutions abroad, they serve to encourage and deepen bilateral col-

laboration. They promote systematic research cooperation through joint research and qualifi-

cation programmes as well as cooperative, cross-border supervision of doctoral researchers

from both partner groups and longer-term, coordinated and reciprocal research visits by doc-

toral researchers at the respective partner institutions.

In addition to or deviation from the rules for "domestic" Research Training Groups, the following

guidelines apply to International Research Training Groups:

1 Participants

An International Research Training Group is run by two small teams of professors, one

in Germany and one abroad. Each team has about 5 to 10 members. The participating

researchers' complementary expertise at the various locations should add value to the

International Research Training Group.

As a rule, the participating scientists and academics should be based at a single location

in the respective country. In convincingly justified cases, an International Research Train-

ing Group may be proposed by more than two locations. One member each of the Ger-

man and the foreign group of participating researchers acts as spokesperson and is re-

sponsible for the proposal and the scientific coordination of the Research Training Group.

Within the nine-year funding period, generally 30 to 45 doctoral researchers per partner

institution participate in an International Research Training Group.

2 Profile of the Programme Variation International Research Training Groups

The partners in an International Research Training Group undertake a joint research

programme. Common research interests and objectives must be reflected in a common

framework and joint projects.

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The qualification programme promotes collaboration among group members and the in-

ternational exchange of doctoral researchers. It therefore includes local as well as jointly

held courses. Longer-term, coordinated and reciprocal research visits (one or more with

an overall duration of 6 to 12 months) by doctoral researchers to the respective partner

institutions are a key element of the programme. International Research Training Groups

must therefore also develop suitable structures that allow participants at all locations to

engage in the necessary intensive exchange.

Supervision is provided jointly through the International Research Training Group's part-

ner institutions, either by two professors or by an advisory committee.

3 Proposals

The proposal for an International Research Training Group is written jointly by the pro-

fessors in charge of the Research Training Group on both sides.

Just like the spokesperson on the German side, the spokesperson at the foreign location

should also be able to represent the concerns of the International Research Training

Group within the partner institution.

4 Funding

The DFG can only fund the project-specific costs incurred by the German partner uni-

versity.

The International Research Training Group's foreign partner institution is expected to

provide basic funding for its doctoral researchers, their research, and their visits to the

German partner institution. The DFG has agreements with many foreign partner organi-

sations regarding the joint funding of International Research Training Groups; these

agreements facilitate the submission of proposals for complementary funding.

If you will be applying for an International Research Training Group programme variation,

please particularly note the "Guidelines for Differentiating International Research Train-

ing Groups from Research Training Groups" (DFG form 1.312).

www.dfg.de/formulare/1_312

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Proposing an International Research Training Group requires intensive preparation and close coordination among all participants. If you are planning to establish an IRTG,

please consult the DFG Head Office early on.

In addition, the DFG can provide funding for workshops to prepare the proposal for an International Research Training Group. For more information, refer to the relevant pro-

posal instructions (DFG form 1.306).

www.dfg.de/formulare/1_306

IV Special Provisions

1 Core Support and Financial Resource Management

The applicant institution is expected to supply the necessary core support, especially

fully equipped work stations for doctoral researchers (office and laboratory space, etc.)

and operating costs.

2 Knowledge Transfer Projects

Particularly intensive forms of cooperation with non-university application partners may

be proposed as transfer projects. For more information and details on the format of such

proposals, see the "Proposal Preparation Instructions for Knowledge Transfer Projects in Research Training Groups and International Research Training Groups" (DFG

form 54.06).

www.dfg.de/formulare/54 06

3 Cooperation with universities of applied sciences (HAW/FH)

Research Training Groups provide an opportunity to support cooperation between re-

searchers at German universities of applied sciences (Hochschule für angewandte Wis-

senschaften (HAW) or Fachhochschule (FH)) and universities with the aim of setting up collaborative doctoral programmes. To this end, researchers at universities of applied

sciences (HAW/FH) can participate in an establishment or renewal proposal for a Re-

search Training Group. To better facilitate such collaborations, funds can also be re-

quested for preparatory measures (funding for staff, direct project costs and replace-

ments). These measures aim to improve the basic research framework prior to submis-

sion of a proposal. For further guidance and information on submitting such a proposal,

please refer to DFG form 1.311, available in German only.

www.dfg.de/formulare/1_311

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V Obligations

In submitting a proposal to the DFG, the applicant university and the participating researchers

1. agree to adhere to the principles of good research practice.1

The principles of good research practice include, among others: maintaining professional standards, maintaining strict honesty with regard to one's own contributions and those of third parties, documenting results and rigorously questioning all findings.

2. recognise the DFG's Rules of Procedure for Dealing with Scientific Mis-

conduct (Verfahrensordnung zum Umgang mit wissenschaftlichem Fehlverhalten

VerfOwF) as legally binding.²

Scientific misconduct is defined as the intentional and grossly negligent statement of falsehoods in a scientific context, the violation of intellectual property rights or impeding another person's research work. The circumstances of each case will be considered on an individual basis. In cases where scientific misconduct has been established, the DFG may impose one or more of the following sanctions in accordance with its Rules of Procedure, depending on the nature and severity of the scientific misconduct:

- issuing a written reprimand to those involved;
- exclusion from the right to apply for DFG funds for a period of one to eight years, depending on the severity of the scientific misconduct;
- revoking funding decisions (full or partial termination of the grant contract, demanding repayment of funds spent);
- demanding that those concerned either retract the discredited publications or correct the falsified data (in particular by publishing an erratum), or appropriately indicate the DFG's retraction of funding in the discredited publications;

² Rules of Procedure for Dealing with Scientific Misconduct (VerfOwF), DFG form 80.01.



¹ The principles of good research practice are presented in detail in the DFG Code of Conduct Guidelines for Safeguarding Good Research Practice.

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exclusion from serving as a reviewer for a period of one to eight years, de-

pending on the severity of the scientific misconduct;

exclusion from membership in DFG bodies and committees for a period of

one to eight years, depending on the severity of the scientific misconduct;

denying voting rights and eligibility in elections for DFG bodies and commit-

tees for a period of one to eight years, depending on the severity of the sci-

entific misconduct.

By accepting funding, the applicant university and the participating researchers agree to:

• use the grant exclusively and in a targeted manner to achieve the objectives of the

Research Training Group as specified in the proposal. The use and accounting of

funds must conform to the relevant DFG regulations, especially the usage guidelines

for Research Training Groups (DFG form 2.22, available in German only).

www.dfg.de/formulare/2_22

submit to the DFG progress reports on the Research Training Group according to

the dates specified in the award letter; participate in the annual survey to evaluate

the programme; and present financial accounts to the DFG detailing the use of funds.

The DFG expects that the findings of the projects it funds be made available to the public.

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VI Data Protection

Please note the DFG's Data Protection Notice for Research Funding, which you can access at www.dfg.de/privacy_policy. If necessary, please also forward this information to those individuals whose data will be processed by the DFG due to their involvement in your project.

www.dfg.de/privacy_policy

